

**Grade 6 Math
Patterns and Relations
Represent algebraic expressions
in multiple ways**

Use patterns to describe the world and to solve problems.

1a. What are the different ways to demonstrate patterns and relationships using graphs and tables

Represent and describe patterns and relationships, using graphs and tables.

Translate a pattern to a table of values, and graph the table of values (limited to linear graphs with discrete elements). Create a table of values from a given pattern or a given graph. Describe, using everyday language, orally or in writing, the relationship shown on a graph.

1b. How can I use graphs and tables to describe patterns and relationships?

Demonstrate an understanding of the relationships within tables of values to solve problems.

Generate values in one column of a table of values, given values in the other column and a pattern rule. State, using mathematical language, the relationship in a given table of values. Create a concrete or pictorial representation of the relationship shown in a table of values. Predict the value of an unknown term, using the relationship in a table of values, and verify the prediction. Formulate a rule to describe the relationship between two columns of numbers in a table of values. Identify missing elements in a given table of values. Identify errors in a given table of values. Describe the pattern within each column of a given table of values. Create a table of values to record and reveal a pattern to solve a given problem.

2. How can I use the relationship(s) in a table of values to solve problems?

Represent algebraic expressions in multiple ways

5. How can I demonstrate and explain that both sides of an equation must be equal?

Demonstrate and explain the meaning of preservation of equality, concretely and pictorially.

Model the preservation of equality for addition, using concrete materials (e.g., a balance, pictorial representations), and explain and record the process. Model the preservation of equality for subtraction, using concrete materials (e.g., a balance, pictorial representations), and explain and record the process. Model the preservation of equality for multiplication, using concrete materials (e.g., a balance, pictorial representations), and explain and record the process. Model the preservation of equality for division, using concrete materials (e.g., a balance, pictorial representations), and explain and record the process.

4. How can I create an equation using letter variables to express a given problem?

Express a given problem as an equation in which a letter variable is used to represent an unknown number.

Identify the unknown in a problem where the unknown could have more than one value, and represent the problem with an equation. Create a problem for a given equation with one unknown. Identify the unknown in a problem; represent the problem with an equation; and solve the problem concretely, pictorially or symbolically.

3. How can I write an equation with letter variables to represent number relationships?

Represent generalizations arising from number relationships, using equations with letter variables.

Write and explain the formula for finding the perimeter of any given rectangle. Write and explain the formula for finding the area of any given rectangle. Develop and justify equations using letter variables that illustrate the commutative property of addition and multiplication; e.g., $a + b = b + a$ or $a \times b = b \times a$. Describe the relationship in a given table, using a mathematical expression. Represent a pattern rule, using a simple mathematical expression such as $4d$ or $2n + 1$.

Created by J. Nichols, B. Schwer, D. McCallion and B. Collett